

TO MAIL DRAFT SHEETS TONIGHT

REGULATIONS FOR USE OF MASTER KEY BY LOCAL BOARDS
ALREADY PROMULGATED

INQUIRIES BE MANY

Provost Marshal's Office at Washington Prepares to Answer Multitude of Questions and Requests for Rulings that will flow from over the country.

Washington, July 22.—Registrants under the selective draft law are not eligible for voluntary enlistment in the regular army or the national guard after their names have been posted by local exemption boards as summoned for examination.

Brigadier General Crowder, provost marshal general, promulgated this ruling today to make definite the status of men on the registration lists who now may desire to join the regulars or the national guard.

Washington, July 22.—Checking the official tally sheets of the army draft was about complete today, and printing the master sheets which will guide local exemption boards in summoning men for the first increment of 887,000 men proceeded rapidly. The sheets probably will start out in the mails late today.

Regulations to govern application of the master key by local exemption boards already have been promulgated, and include a method by which any difficulties arising from confusion of duplicate serial numbers are to be overcome. The plan is to renumber such registration cards as additional to the number already provided by the local lists.

A separate drawing will be held by state authorities to place these additional cards, and such other cards as may have come in by mail since July 19, in order as they are drawn. They will then be appended to the registration list of their district and be immediately affected by the drawing of last Friday just as though they had been included in the list of that time.

Officials of Provost Marshal Crowder's office were preparing today for the great number of inquiries and requests for rulings which they expect from the local boards as soon as examinations of the men for the first quotas begins.

Probably it will take several days for the boards to become thoroughly familiar with their work. After that, officials expect the examinations and exemptions of men or their certification to the higher boards for military duty will proceed rapidly.

Within a week after the local boards begin operations, the district boards also will be able to begin their work and take up questions of industrial exemptions as rapidly as they arise.

EXPLOSION ON NEW YORK PIER

New York, July 22.—An explosion on a steamship pier at the foot of West Twenty-third street and the blowing up of manholes along the water front for five blocks this afternoon called out fire apparatus and ambulances.

SUSPECTED LOCKJAW PLOTTER IS ARRESTED AT OILTON

Oilton, Okla., July 22.—Thought by officers to be a spy and possibly connected with the alleged plot believed to have been revealed by federal officials in Kansas to spread terror through the sale of court plaster inoculated with tetanus bacilli, a foreigner who refused to talk in any way or give his name, was arrested Saturday here. He had been peddling toilet articles and court plaster, trunk full of which was seized by authorities. He was taken to Sapulpa to be held for investigation by federal authorities this morning.

Chemists were directed to make an analysis of the articles offered for sale, and which, housekeepers said, had been presented without charge to those who refused to buy.

SUPPLIES FOR GUARDSMEN NOT YET ASSEMBLED

San Antonio, Texas, July 22.—All preparations for the national guard camps in the southern department, including railroad extensions and like work, are to be made under the supervision of the quartermaster general at Washington, according to a message received at headquarters this morning.

Question of supplies for the thousands of guardsmen to be called into the service August 5 has not been taken up yet as far as can be learned at department headquarters.

It is understood the men are to be equipped at their home stations after being called into the service, but whether the work is to be done by the quartermaster and ordnance officer of the southern department or otherwise has not yet been stated. Supplies on hand at various depots in the department probably can be augmented sufficiently before the men are sent into camp so they can be fully equipped.

Moose in Session.

Pittsburgh, July 22.—With more than fifteen thousand delegates registered, the 29th annual international convention of the supreme lodge, Loyal Order of Moose was formally opened here today.

KAISER FORCED TO RECOGNIZE PARTY SOCIALISTS

London, July 22.—According to the Berlin Vorwaerts, the socialists who attended the conference between the emperor and members of the reichstag were Friedrich Ebert, Philipp Scheidemann, Dr. Eduard David and Dr. Albert Voss.

The Vossische Zeitung says this was the first time the emperor ever met socialist deputies as representatives of the socialist party.

PARIS AMBULANCE CORPS BECOMES AMERICAN HOSPITAL

Paris, July 22.—The American ambulance corps at Neuilly, organized by the American colony in Paris, and in which some hundreds of resident Americans have worked nursing French wounded, became an American army hospital yesterday. The ceremony, which was a simple one, took place in a large ward filled with surgeons, physicians, nurses, members of the American colony and officials of the French sanitary service. George P. Peed, of the medical corps, U. S. A., will be in charge of the hospital from tomorrow.

WILSON WANTS FOOD DICTATOR

BOARD PLAN IN BILL AS
BEER AND WINE
STAY AGAIN.

Washington, July 22.—President Wilson probably will be in personal influence to bear on senate and house conferees on the food bill to accept the house provision for a single food administrator instead of the board of three, as voted by the senate. The president may take a hand in some of the other conflicting sections.

President Wilson is understood to prefer the senate prohibition section forbidding manufacture of distilled liquors, but allowing manufacture of beer and wine. The house put in a "bone dry" section.

The president heretofore has opposed a congressional committee to investigate the conduct of the war, and there is no reason to believe he will favor such an amendment.

House prohibitionists declared today they would fight some of the liquor amendments to the food bill uncompromisingly, regardless of appeals for speedy agreement. Dry leaders look to making the bill nearer the form in which it left the house—"bone dry"—for the duration of the war.

The house drys concede it may be impossible for them to restore to the bill the absolute prohibition of manufacture of beer and wine, but they hope at least to get in a section giving the president power to limit or prohibit production of these two beverages.

The Smoot re-distillation amendment also will be subject to attack because it would not affect liquor out of bond.

CANADIANS MAKE DARING AND SUCCESSFUL RAID

Force Way to Second Line Trenches and Destroy Strongholds.

British Headquarters in France, July 22.—By the Associated Press.—The Canadians carried out a daring and highly successful raid early this morning on German trenches southeast of Avion.

After heavy artillery preparation, the raiding party forced its way to the second line of German defenses along a front of 700 yards where it made determined assaults on strongly fortified German dugouts along the Avion-Mercurat railway.

According to latest reports, most of these positions were rendered untenable. This section of the German line is one of the most difficult and dangerous to fight over, for behind the first line trenches are numerous brick yards through which it is necessary for assaulting troops to force their way. When the British reached the first line trenches, the Germans turned a heavy artillery fire upon them, employing large gas shells.

DUTCH TO SEND FOOD COMMISSION TO AMERICA, RESULTS FROM EMBARGO

Amsterdam, July 22.—The minister of agriculture and commerce has appointed a commission of three to proceed to America to represent Dutch interests in connection with American exports.

GET CREDIT FOR DRAFTED MEN GOS TO THE COUNTY WHERE RECRUIT ACCEPTED

Credit for acceptance for service in America's liberty army will be given to the registration district where the men are examined and accepted for service, without regard to where they are registered, according to John H. Carlock, chairman of the Carter county exemption board.

In this way, for instance, a man who resides in Ardmore, but who has registered in some other district, can be transferred to this district for examination. If his number was drawn for the first call for examination, and if he is accepted, credit for his acceptance will be given to this district.

"Transfers for examinations can be arranged for easily," Mr. Carlock said today. "If a man is here for a time, but has registered somewhere else, he may be examined here by applying to the exemption board in the district where he is registered for a transfer."

SECOND SLAV ARMY IN REBELLION AND REFUSES TO ATTACK ENEMY

COWARDICE OF ENTIRE UNITS AGAIN THREATENS TO
PLUNGE RECENT SUCCESSFUL REVOLUTION
INTO DIRE CATASTROPHE—ABANDON POSITIONS AT FIRST SHOT OF INVADERS.

Petrograd, July 22.—Chaotic conditions prevailing on part of the Russian front are disclosed in a telegram sent to Premier Kerensky, the provisional government and the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates by the executive committee and the commissioner of the provisional government with the Second army on the southwestern front.

The telegram announced the inauguration of stern measures to combat disaffection. "We unanimously recognize that the situation demands extreme measures and efforts, for everything must be risked to save the revolution from catastrophe," the message reads. "The commander-in-chief of the western front, and the commander of the Second army today have given orders to fire on deserters and runaways."

Let the country know the truth. Let it act without mercy. Let it find enough courage to strike those who by their cowardice are destroying Russia and the revolution."

Shoot at Own Comrades.

Referring to the threatened disaster, the telegram says: "Most military units are in a state of chaotic organization. Their spirit for the offensive has utterly disappeared. They no longer listen to orders of their leaders and they neglect all exhortations of comrades, even replying by threats and shots. Some elements voluntarily evacuate positions without orders."

U. S. FLAG STRIKES TERROR TO GERMAN, BELGIAN DECLARES

Little Rock, Ark., July 22.—Baron Moncheur, head of the Belgian mission, in his address at a public meeting here today warned his audience that a victorious Germany would be a menace to the United States as to all the world. "The capacity of the German eagle," he said, "is insatiable. That bird of prey if victorious over the allies would have tried to cross the seas to attack you and destroy your commerce and your industries."

"When there is an opportunity to steal the goods of another, the Prussian eagle becomes a cannibal—he swallows everything!"

"But the entry of the United States into the war has averted that danger. At the sight of your flag among those of the allies Germany has been stricken with terror. Recent news indicates that the edifice of German pride is cracking and that a few blows from Uncle Sam's big stick will bring it to ruins."

The mission left here at 2:45 this afternoon and expected to reach Memphis for an hour's stay tonight.

The warm receptions that have greeted the Belgian war mission everywhere through the north and west were continued here in the south today. It was the first of the foreign war missions to visit this section of the country and a great parade, both civil and military, turned out to welcome the Belgians.

Baron Moncheur's wife, the daughter of former General Powell Clayton, former governor and United States senator from Arkansas, at one time lived in Little Rock and many personal friends of the Belgian diplomat and his wife were among those who greeted him here.

BEGIN RAISING ARDMORE Y. M. C. A. WELFARE FUND

Announcements were made at the different churches yesterday concerning the welfare work being done among the soldiers by the Young Men's Christian association and collections taken, committees appointed and other steps taken to raise Ardmore's quota of \$1,000 as part of the \$3,000,000 to be raised throughout the country for promoting the work of the Y. M. C. A. From \$30 to \$40 was the amount reported at the First Presbyterian church. Smaller amounts were collected at some of the other churches.

The campaign is to be prolonged in Ardmore until the \$1,000 is raised, according to A. C. Strachey, who has charge of Ardmore. Each church has promised to do its part in raising the money. If the fund is not raised by taking collections at church and Sunday school, collectors will be appointed to look after the work, as has already been done in some of the churches.

GIVE YOUR VACATION TO YOUR COUNTRY IS REQUEST

Chicago, July 22.—E. T. Meredith, editor of a farm journal at Des Moines, Iowa, is sponsor for a movement which would have men all over the country give their vacation periods to the country doing some form of work which would benefit the nation. He cites farm work, food conservation efforts, gathering of clothing for charitable purposes, and other lines of work which might be followed.

NO AMERICAN OFFICERS NAME BELOW PERSHING AND SIBERT BE MENTIONED

Paris, July 22.—An American army officer issued here says that hereafter the names of no American officers except Major General Pershing and Major General Sibert be mentioned in news dispatches.

HOW AMERICAN AVIATORS WILL WORK WITH ARMY

Divided Into Two Classes, and Some Will Bombard Establishments of Enemy.

Paris, July 22.—Plans have been completed for bringing all American aviation forces here under a single direction, working in conjunction with other military units.

Airplane squadrons will be divided into two classes, tactical and strategic. The former will operate within a range of 25 kilometers and the latter within a range of 200 kilometers. The tactical units will co-operate directly with the troops, doing preliminary reconnoitering, pursuing enemy aviators and bombarding enemy establishments.

The strategic squadrons in general will operate independently. They will be engaged in destroying enemy defenses and attacking supply bases, depots and factories. They also will take part in squadron fighting and day and night bombardments.

Observation balloons will be used largely as an adjunct to the artillery.

TEUTONS DEPEND ON U. S. FOR FOOD

EXPECTED TO GET SUFFICIENT
FROM BACK DOOR OF THE
NEARBY NEUTRALS.

London, July 22.—That the high German command has based its calculations on food supplies which America has been sending to neutrals became known, according to the Daily Mail, through the famous speech of Herr Erzberger, head of the Catholic party in the reichstag, made in secret session of that body.

The newspapers referred to this address as a "bombshell." Herzberger remarked that although America's entry into the war was of little military value it was important owing to the extent to which Germany was dependent on the neutrals for food and other supplies.

WAR SUMMARY

The mandate of this committee is to restore internal order both at the front and at home—admittedly a difficult task in the face of the powerful influences both within and without the nation working against the present regime. It is evidently one, however, with which Kerensky, concededly the strongest man to be found for the task, is willing to grapple with all his widely recognized force and ability.

The war situation for the moment demands consideration chiefly at the two points where the Germans have concentrated their main military efforts—the yielding portion of the Russian front in eastern Galicia, and the section of the French front near Craonne.

In the former war theater there is little sign as yet of a change in the temper of the disaffected Russian troops sufficient to bring about an effective resistance to the Teutonic progress which threatens disaster to the Russian arms.

On the western front, the desperate onslaughts of the crown prince's forces are being met with gallant resistance by General Petain's troops and such small bits of territory as have been gained by the Germans have been dearly paid for.

Last night the German assaults were renewed on the Californie and Casemates plateaus, for the mastery of which colonial efforts are being put forth. Some headway was made on both these elevations, but General Petain's men are dining bravely to them both, although driven out of first line trenches. The Germans attacked the support trench on the Californie plateau, but it was retained by the French in its entirety.

SIAM DECLARES WAR ON TEUTONS

London, July 22.—Siam has declared that a state of war exists with Germany and Austria, according to a Reuters dispatch from Bangkok. Nine steamers aggregating 13,000 tons have been seized.

The object of Siam's declaration is "to uphold the sanctity of international rights against nations showing contempt for the principles of humanity and respect for small states."

All Germans and Austrians, the dispatch adds, have been placed under arrest and their businesses closed.

The peace strength of the Siamese army is about 12,000 men, while the navy consists nominally of twenty-one vessels, all of small size.

Siam is an independent kingdom in southern Asia, bounded on the east by French Indo-China, on the south by the Gulf of Siam, on the west and north by Burma. The area is 244,000 square miles and the population about six millions. The government is that of an absolute monarchy in which the king is considered in almost the light of a deity, being frequently addressed as "Sacred Lord of Lives," "Most Exalted and Infallible Lord," and "Owner of All." Buddhism is the prevailing religion.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Ardmore and vicinity: Tonight and Tuesday generally fair. Oklahoma: Tonight and Tuesday generally fair. West Texas: Tonight and Tuesday generally fair. East Texas: Tonight and Tuesday fair in north and west, partly cloudy in southeast portion.

AMERICA AND ALLIES PLAN TO REDUCE OCEAN RATES

Present Prohibitive Charges for Tonnage Soon Will be Thing of Past

Washington, July 22.—Regulation of ocean steamship rates between the United States and allied nations has been agreed upon in principle by the American and British governments.

Negotiations are now proceeding between Chairman Denman of the shipping board and Counselor Polk of the state department, designated by President Wilson to represent the government and British admiralty officials to devise a program to make the regulation effective and bring down present prohibitive rates.

France and Italy have signified their willingness to accept the principle. Negotiations probably will be opened with Japan upon the arrival here of the Japanese mission headed by Vice-Admiral Tateshita.

DEALS WITH INTERNED BANKER AND LOSES JOB

San Jose, Costa Rica, July 22.—The Costa Rican government has dismissed Francisco M. Montero Munoz, its vice consul in New York.

The action was taken on allegation that the vice-consul had had dealings with Rudolph Hecht, a vice president of Chandler & Co., New York bankers, who on July 11, was taken to the internment camp on Ellis Island in New York.

COURT PLASTER PEDDLER HELD ON SUSPICION

Sapulpa, Okla., July 22.—Chemists will make an analysis of court-plaster and toilet articles which a peddler, who was arrested Saturday on a charge of vagrancy, is said to have sold and given away in the vicinity of Oilton, Oklahoma.

Three suitcases filled with the peddler's wares were taken to Oklahoma City this morning by federal officers and the man is being held pending complete analysis.

The prisoner is about 60 years old and is alleged to be of German descent.

SHIPPING BOARD LOSES MEMBER

John B. White Quits—Alleged to Have Found Work too Heavy—Resignation Is Accepted.

Washington, July 22.—John B. White of Kansas City has resigned as a member of the shipping board and President Wilson is said today to have accepted the resignation. Officials at the White House declared Mr. White's resignation was not connected with the difficulties that have developed between Chairman Denman of the board and Major General Goethals of the emergency fleet corporation.

Mr. White was said to have found the work exceedingly heavy and was anxious to get out on this account. He was one of Mr. Denman's supporters.

A report that John A. Donald, of New York, another board member, had resigned was denied.

Officials in close touch with the Denman-Goethals controversy said today it was not probable President Wilson would summon either man to the White House to discuss questions involved. The president has all available information before him. He is expected to settle the matter on the information he already has.

ALLEGED KIDNAPERS OF KEET BABY IN COURT

Springfield, Mo., July 22.—When the case against Taylor R. Adams, his son, Cletus Adams, and Claude J. Piersol, charged with the kidnapping of Baby Lloyd Keet, and Mrs. Alice Adams, Maxie Adams, Dick Carter and Sam McGinnis, charged with complicity in other kidnapping conspiracies in Springfield, were called in the Greene county criminal court this morning, Judge Arch Johnson disqualified himself from sitting as the trial judge, but set all the cases for next Monday when it will be determined when and where the trials will take place.

It was apparent Saturday that none of the defendants would go to trial today and none of them was brought to Springfield from jail elsewhere, where they were taken several weeks ago for safe keeping.

QUIT NORMAL FACILITY TO ENLIST IN ARMY

Sulphur, Okla., July 22.—(Special)—R. L. Pullen, son of a prominent farmer in this county, arrived home Saturday. He is bidding the home folks farewell prior to leaving for Fort Logan, Colorado. Mr. Pullen has just received his certificate as a first grade teacher from the normal at Ada upon receipt of which he was offered a position as a teacher at a salary of \$100 per month. He turned down this offer to enlist as a private in the regular army. His education and efficiency made him eligible for an officer's commission but he prefers to join the ranks and work his way up. Mr. Pullen is not quite twenty years of age and passed a splendid examination, having a full ten per cent credit.

AMERICAN INDIANS WANTED IN ARMY IN FRANCE

London, July 14.—(By Mail)—Canadian officers on leave here from the French front have informally recommended to American officials that American Indians be employed or enlisted for service with the American expeditionary forces. Manitoba Indians with the Canadians have done excellent work at scouting in No Man's Land.

KERENSKY GIVEN POWER TO SLAY

WORKMEN, SOLDIER AND PEASANT DELEGATES VOTE TO
CREATE DICTATOR.

DRASTIC RESOLUTION

Leader Is Granted Unlimited Authority to Stamp Out Anarchy, Both in Army and at Petrograd—Fear Complete Collapse of the Government.

Petrograd, July 22.—The council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates and peasants of all Russia voted today after an all-night session to grant the government of Premier Kerensky "unlimited powers" under the title of "government of national safety" for the re-establishment of public order, both at the front and at home.

The sweeping new powers were granted to the provisional government in a resolution adopted at a combined sitting of the executive committees of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates and the council of peasants' delegates. The resolution, which was passed 252 to 57, reads:

"Recognizing that the country is menaced by a military debacle on the front established by anarchy at home, it is resolved:

"First—That the country and revolution are endangered.

"Second—That the provisional government is proclaimed 'the government of national safety.'

"Third—That unlimited powers are accorded the government for re-establishing the organization and discipline of the army, for a fight to the finish against the enemies of public order and for the realization of the whole program embodied in the governmental program just announced."

DISARMING RUSSIAN REBELS

More Than 1200 Rifles and Some Machine Guns Taken.

Petrograd, July 22.—The disarming of workmen, including the so-called Red Guards is proceeding systematically in the Vassily Island and Izborsk quarters. More than 1200 rifles and revolvers and some machine guns have been recovered.

The majority of revolvers were obtained at the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, where munition cases just arrived from America had been broken open.

According to the Russian Voia, about a third of the arms stolen since the outbreak have been accounted for. Several carts of shells were stopped on the banks of the Neva. The military authorities knew nothing about them. The drivers were arrested and the carts taken to the arsenal.

Arrest Commander Baltic Fleet.

Petrograd, July 22.—The newspapers announce that Rear Admiral Verdevskii, commander of the Baltic fleet, has been arrested for communicating a secret government telegram to sailors' committees.

Fear Counter Revolution.

Petrograd, July 22.—There are indications that the workmen's and soldiers' council after the events of the past week and all circumstances connected therewith are apprehensive of a counter-revolution. The central committee has issued a manifesto calling local organizations of the revolutionary democracy and army to be ready at any moment to rally around their political centers, namely, the councils of the workmen and soldiers.

Soldiers Are Attacked.

Petrograd, July 22.—(Delayed)—Fighting which lasted some 20 minutes occurred early today when troops were fired on while marching to their quarters along the palace quay on the river Neva. The shots came from across the Neva in the vicinity of Borz. The troops returned the fire.

Later machine guns were hurled to the scene and poured a stream of lead across the river, silencing the attackers. Several cadets who were aiding the government forces and firing from the winter palace, are reported to have been wounded.

Discuss Formation of Republic.

London, July 22.—(Delayed)—A Reuters dispatch from Petrograd dated Friday reads:

"Until an early hour this morning the ministers discussed the question of immediately proclaiming Russia a democratic republic. The final decision on the subject will be taken after the executive committee of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates has announced its course in the matter."

Report Uprising Quelled.

London, July 22.—Dispatches received by the Russian embassy here state that the uprising in Petrograd may be considered as definitely suppressed. The regiments which participated in the disturbances are being disarmed and disbanded, these advisors report, and the city is patrolled by troops. Drastic measures are being taken to prevent further insubordination of criminal agitation.

Louisiana Endorses War Policy.

Washington, July 22.—A resolution, unanimously adopted by the Louisiana legislature, upholding the president's course in the war, was read to the house today by Representative Wilson of Louisiana.